



VAPOR INTRUSION

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High Volume Sampling for Rapid Subsurface
Investigation

presented by | Justin Knight, P.E.
Atlanta, GA

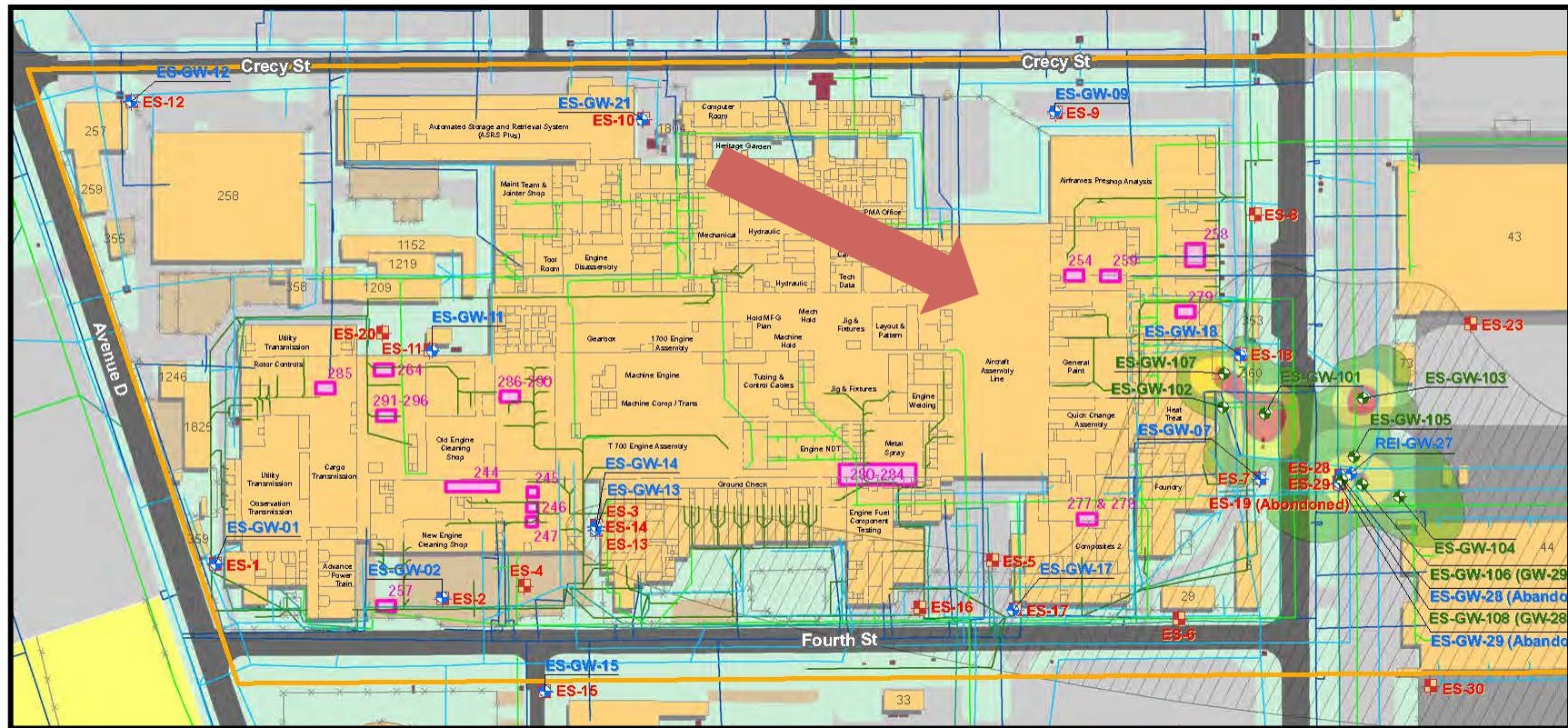


20-Acre Building: How many samples do I need?



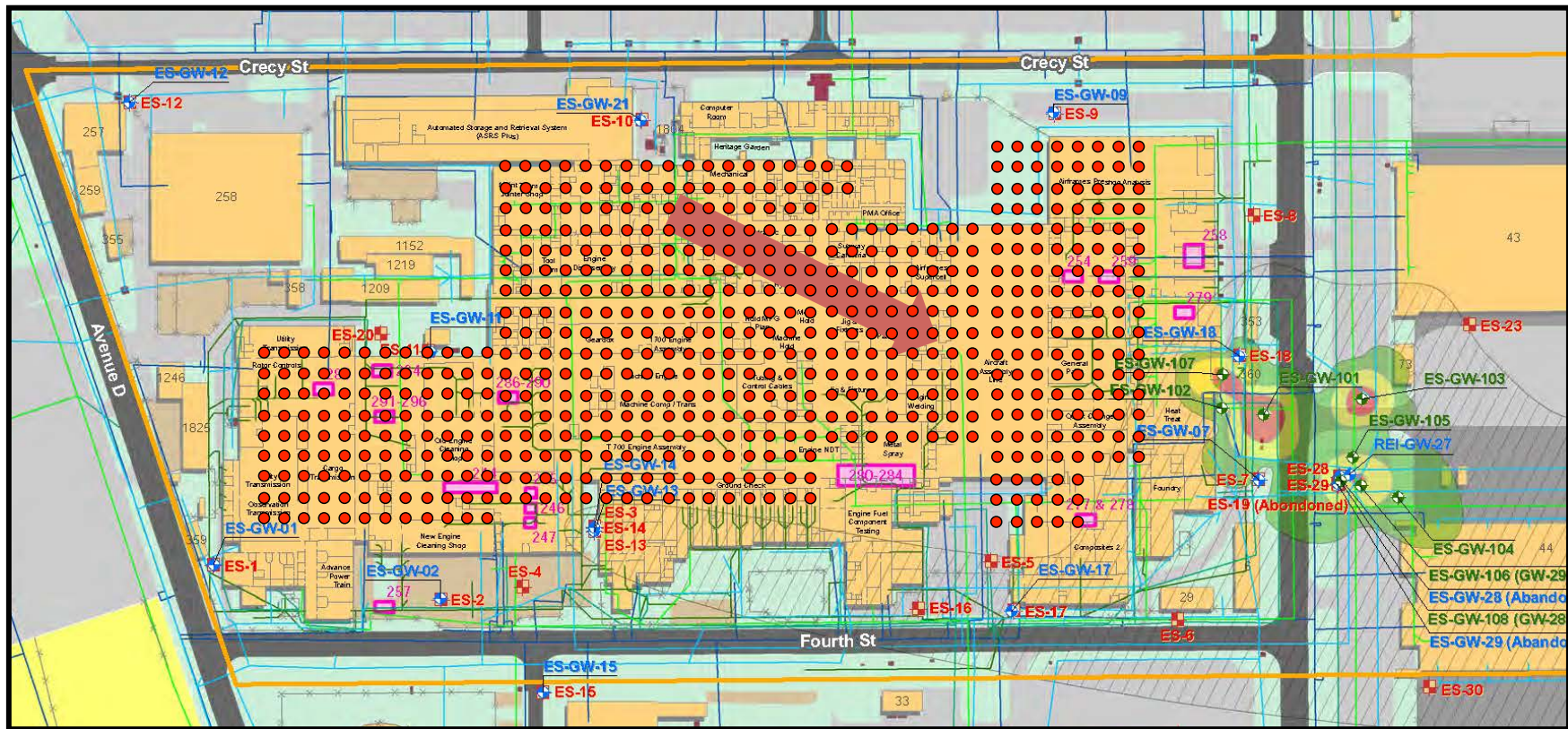


What We Know









Challenge: Spatial Variability in Sub-slab Soil Gas





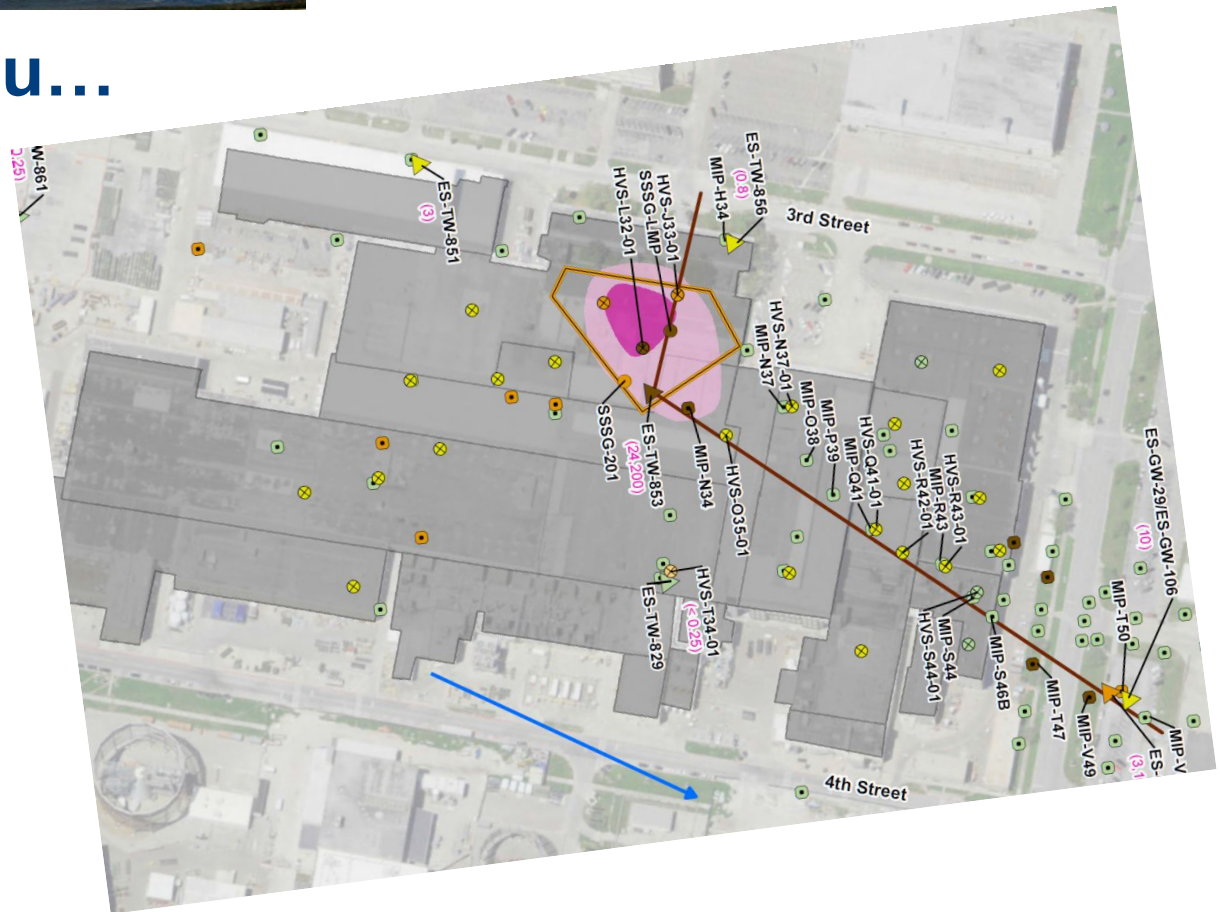
Managing Uncertainty in VI Data

	Discrete	Integrated
Temporal Variability	<p>8 to 24-Hour Time Weighted Average</p> 	<p>30-day Time Weighted Average</p> 
Spatial Variability	<p>1-Liter Volume Weighted Average</p> 	<p>High Volume Sampling</p> 



What if I told you...

- 27 locations
- 2 weekends of work
- Demonstrated absence of sources
- Focused attention where needed
- No interruption to operations





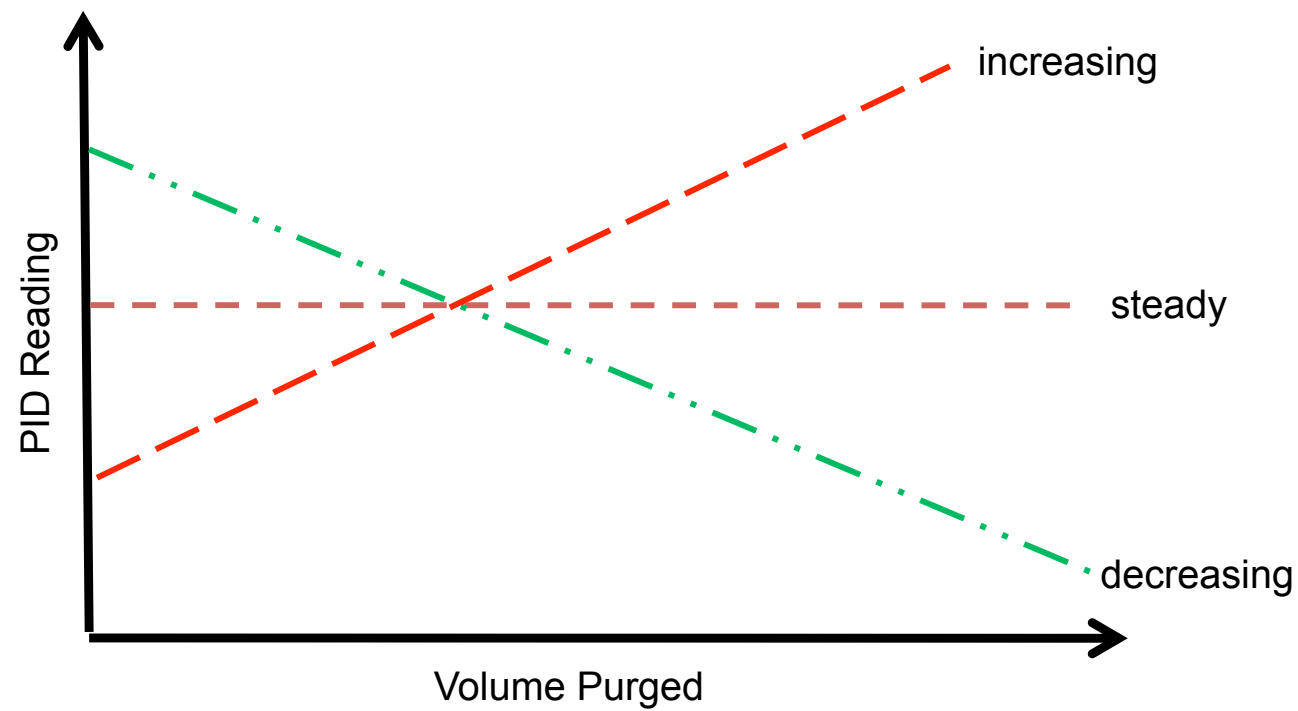
Managing Spatial Variability: High Volume Sub-Slab Sampling (HVS)



- Fan or Vacuum
- Bleed Valve
- Anemometer Port
- Sample Port
- Vacuum Gauge
- Suction Point
- Lung Box

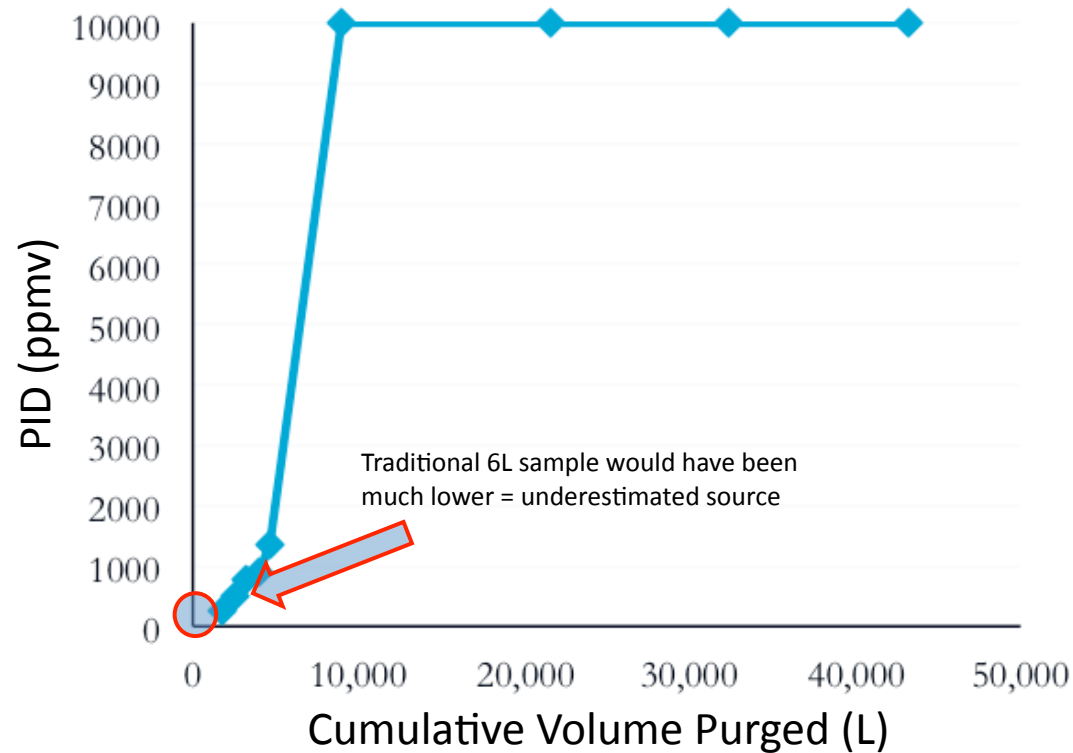


PID Reading vs. Volume Purged



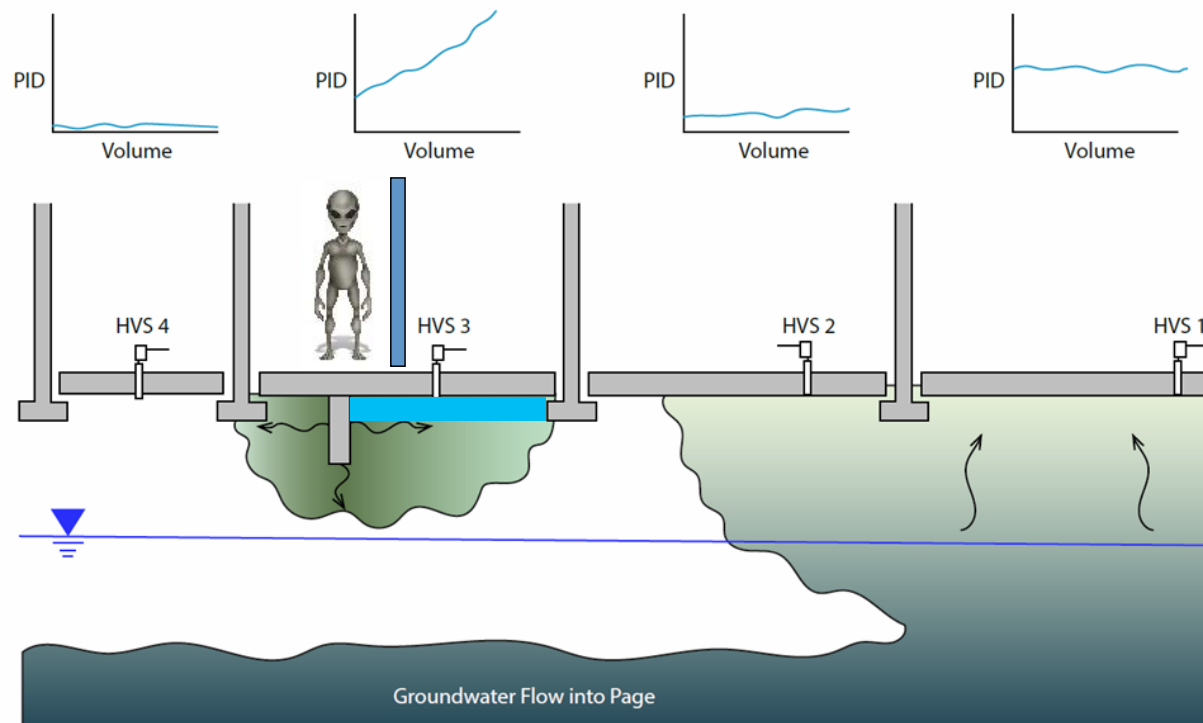


What does this tell us?



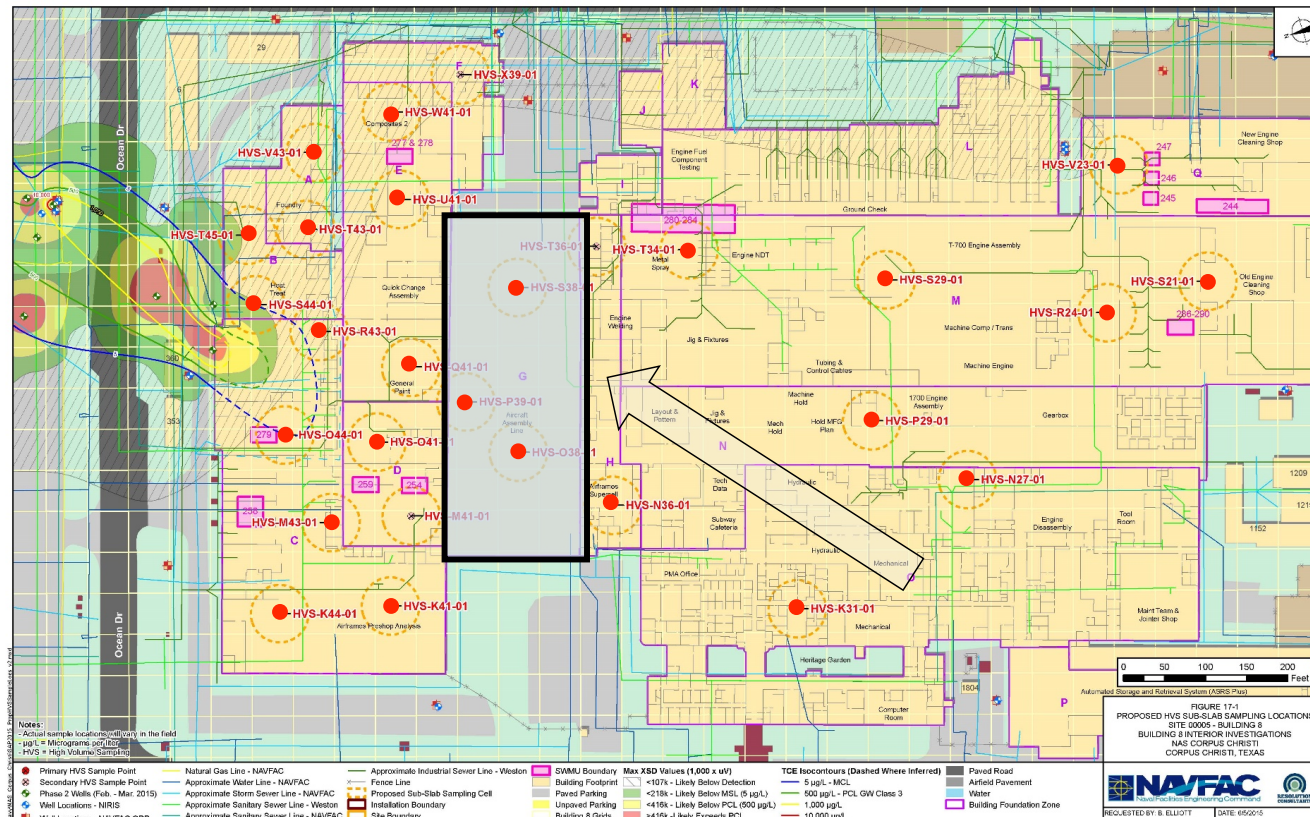


HVS: Relating Field Data to Source Geometry



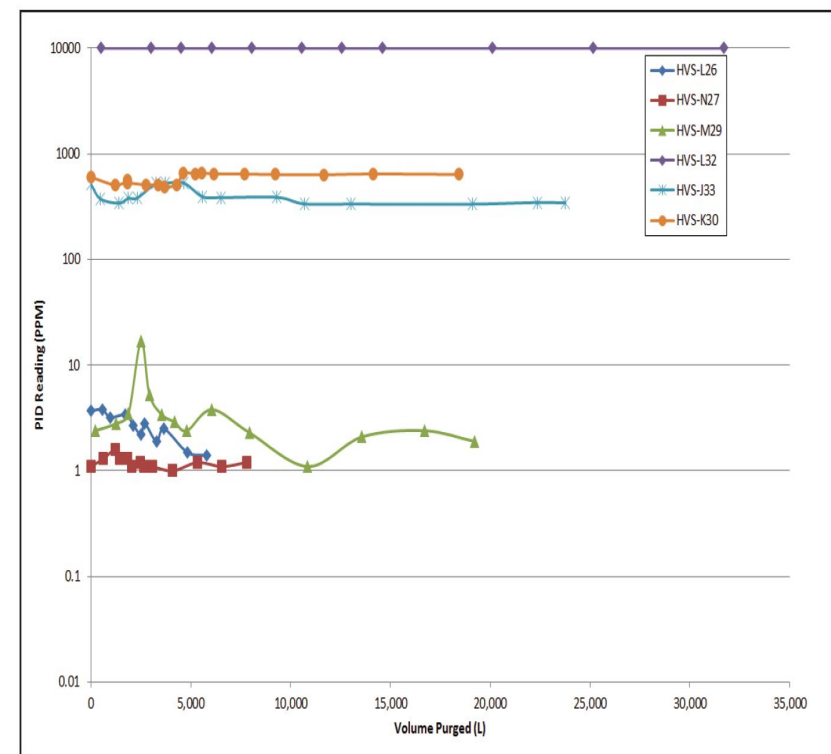
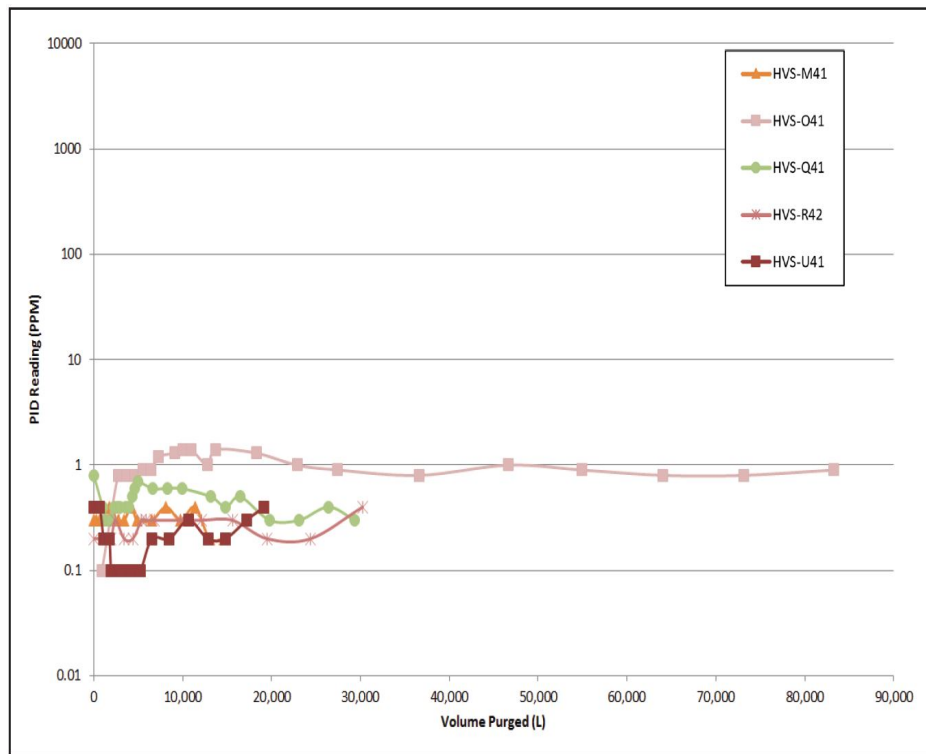


Locating HVS Locations



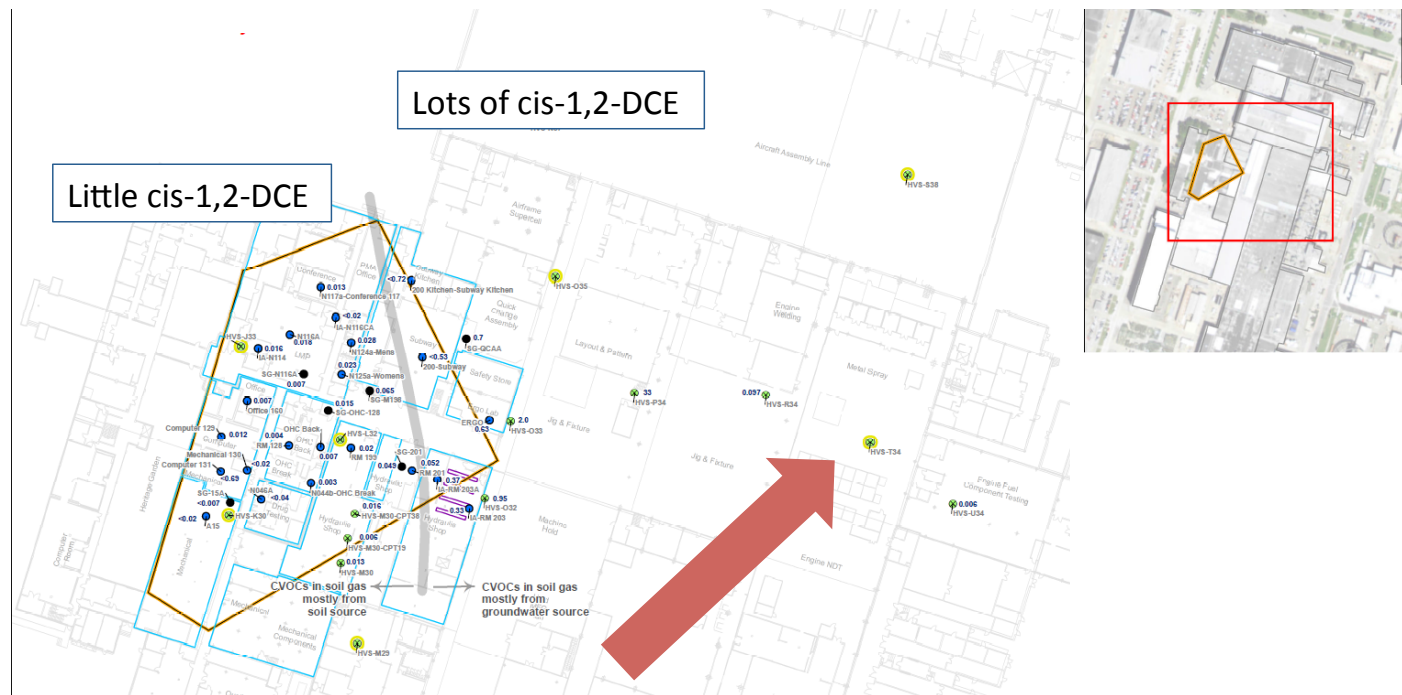


Total Organic Vapor v. Volume Purged



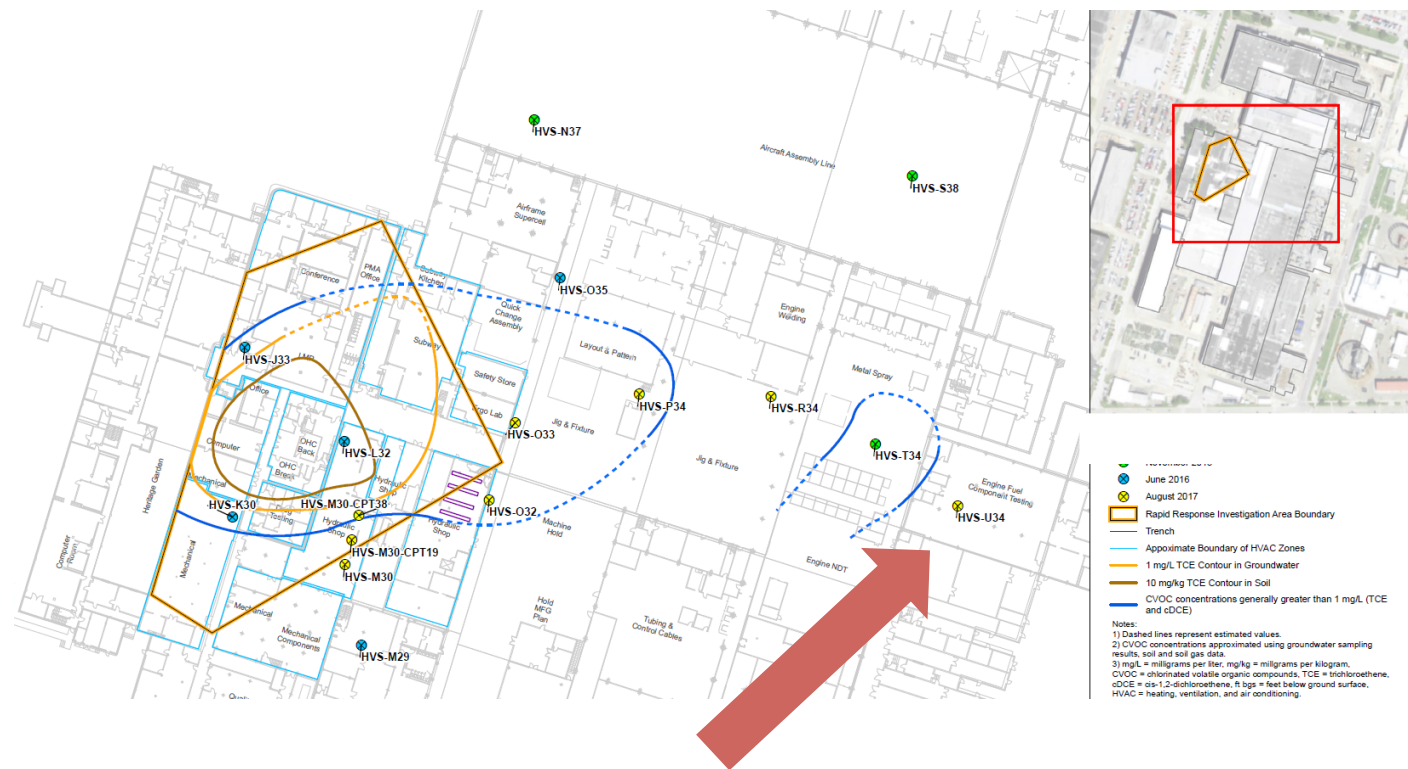


Cis-1,2-DCE / TCE ratios: Using lab results to refine the CSM



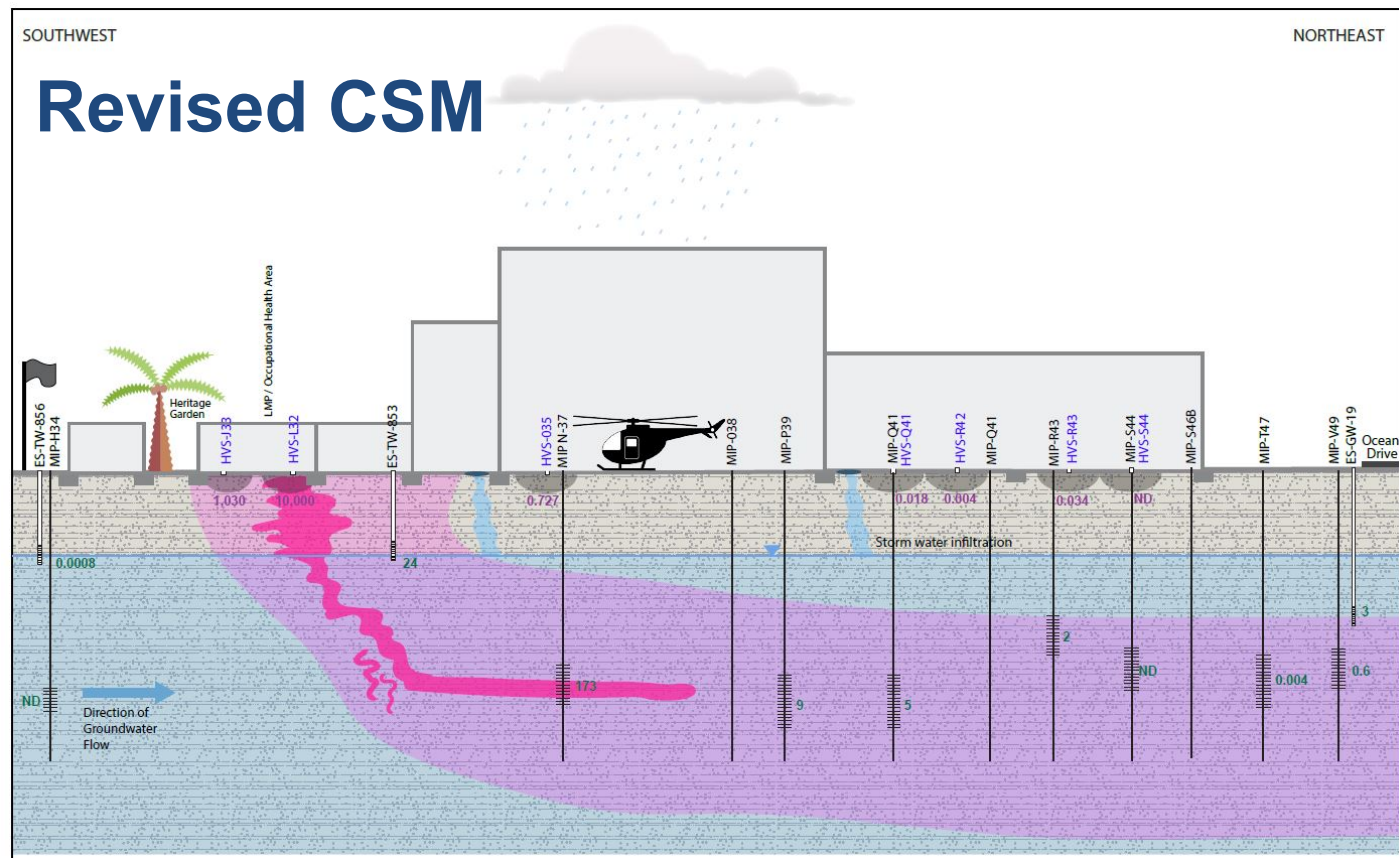


Layer in Soil and Groundwater data to Refine CSM



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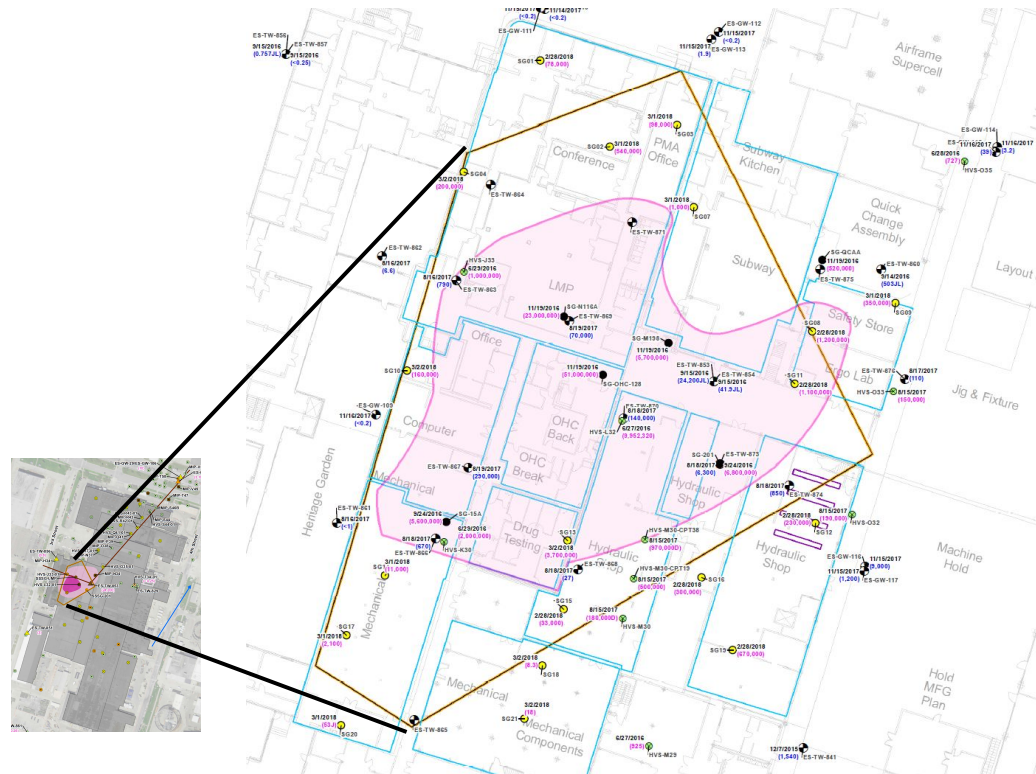






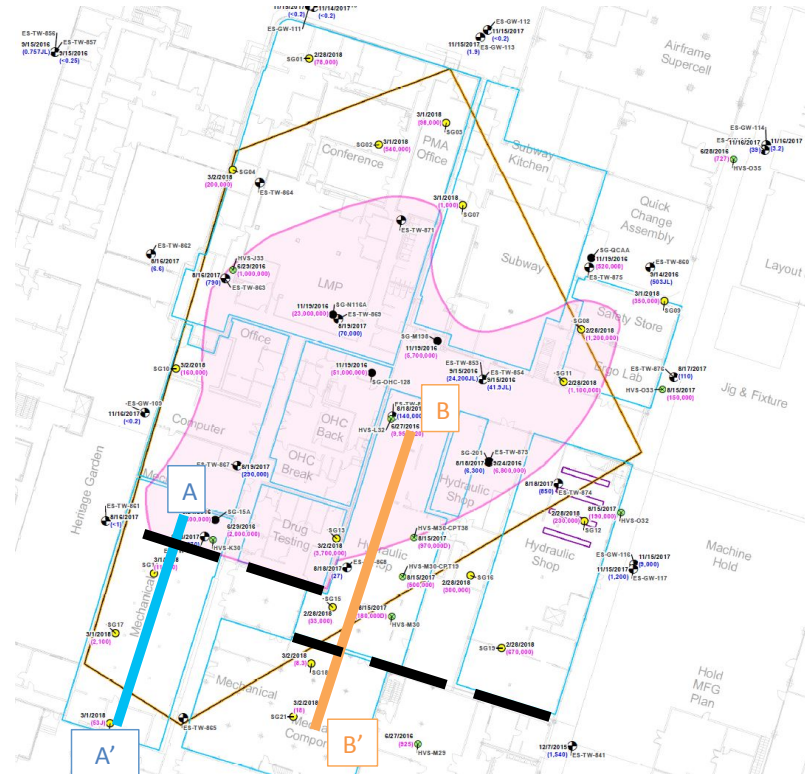
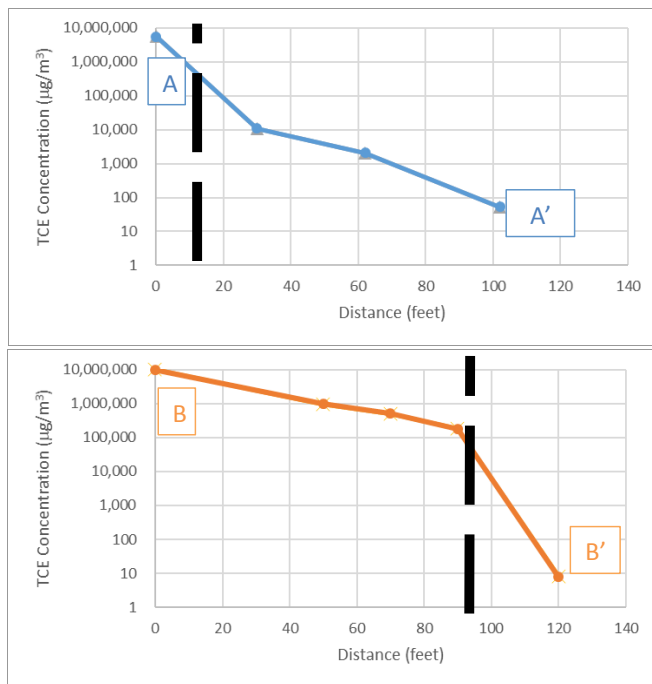
Focused Follow-up

- Traditional Sub-slab Soil Gas & Indoor Air Sampling
- Delineate to 1,000,000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
 - ID footers
 - ID soil gas entry points





Footers Obstruct Migration





Why Use High Volume Sampling?

- HVS assesses a relatively large volume of soil gas
 - HVS can extract soil gas from a radius of 10 to 20 meters.
 - Extraction time 1 to 2 hours
 - Likely to meet or exceed the minimum necessary sample support (cost savings)
 - Minimizes the risk of false identify contamination that may exist between sample locations
- HVS can be used to evaluate:
 - The spatial distribution of vapor concentrations
 - Areas with limited access
 - A conservative estimate of leakage through the slab (slab integrity)
 - Distance to which vapors are extracted
 - Provides information for interpreting concentration vs. volume
 - Critical design parameters for mitigation measures

BENEFITS
– When time is short
– Large buildings

HVS IS NOT JUST A VI TOOL...IT IS A CSM TOOL!!



THANK YOU!

Justin Knight, P.E.
Senior Engineer
Geosyntec Consultants
jknight@geosyntec.com
678-202-9580